

The Massillon Independent.

ISSUED SEMI-WEEKLY.

MASSILLON, OHIO, MONDAY, NOVEMBER 25, 1901

XL-N 55

IN COLD BLOOD.

John Carnes Was Murdered at Mora, Wash.

HIS MOTHER LIVES HERE.

The Murdered Man Was Also a Brother of James and Peter Carnes, of This City—The News Has Not Been Broken to His Aged Mother—Robbery Supposed to Have Been the Purpose of the Murder.

John Carnes, a former Massillonian, was murdered at Mora, a village near Forks, Washington, on November 8. The murdered man was a son of Mrs. Eliza Carnes, of 437 South Erie street, and a brother of James Carnes, of 72 East Oak street, and of Peter Carnes, of 437 South Erie street. The news of the murder has not been broken to the aged mother, who, partially blind and deaf, cannot learn of it by accident. It is feared that the shock would prove fatal to her. She has not seen her son since he went West, when fourteen years old, but she has always cherished a hope that he would sometime visit her. Peter Carnes Thursday morning received a copy of the Quillayute News, published at Forks, and dated Nov. 15. The News says that Carnes was shot and killed near the Quillayute river, just after he had returned from the postoffice in his canoe. The mail arrives late in the evening at Mora, and Carnes regularly each night made a trip to the village postoffice in his canoe. His dead body was found about 30 feet from the river. The fatal shot had evidently been fired from behind, and had pierced his body. Death had doubtless been instantaneous. The hole through the body was not large and those who examined the wound think it was made by a Winchester bullet.

The News contains the following: "The evidence at the inquest developed the fact that an Indian and his kloochoon were poling a canoe up the river about the time of the tragedy, and saw someone come down to the canoe landing with a lantern. They also heard someone shout 'ho! hoo!' and heard parties talking, but said it did not sound like a quarrel. After this they heard a shot and did not see anything more of the lantern, but did not think anything unusual of the shot's being fired. The kloochoon is said to have remonstrated against their shooting in her direction, but received no answer, and thought no more of it at the time. Carnes was a whole-souled, jolly good fellow, and no one seemed to think of his having any deadly enemies, and the cause of such a crime is a mystery. There are a great many theories, however, some of which seem to be plausible, one of which is that he was murdered for his money. Some few days ago he told K. O. Erickson, who had previously drawn a note and mortgage which Carnes had made on his cattle to a neighbor that he had the money to pay the mortgage, which was for about \$190. Whether he had any more money, no one seems to know. No money was found on his person or in his house, and some think that the perpetrators of the awful crime secured the booty, while others are of the opinion that he kept his money hidden somewhere in the vicinity of the house, and that it will yet be found. While it is possible that he might have kept the bulk of his money buried, it is said by those well acquainted with Carnes that he invariably had some money on his person, which, if true, lends a great deal of credence to the robbery theory. Some think that he might have been killed by an Indian, and while this is possible it is said by others to be improbable, as while he had dealings with Indians he was a great friend to them, having been known to go out of his way to do them kindnesses, which were much appreciated.

"The body was laid away at the Quillayute cemetery. The deceased was among the oldest settlers in the Quillayute country, having settled here some 23 years ago. He was what the world calls a hail fellow. He was upwards of 50 years of age and unmarried."

Carnes owned considerable land in the vicinity of Forks, and S. M. Davis, of that place, has written to Massillon relatives that they ought to send a representative there immediately to look after the deceased's estate. Mr. Davis says that drilling is in progress in the vicinity of the deceased's land, and that there is prospect of a rich find. Peter Carnes is today in Galion, conferring with other relatives, one of whom will be delegated to go to Washington immediately.

TO APPEAL THE CASE.

Solicitor Will Doubtless be so Instructed.

The council Monday evening will doubtless empower the solicitor to carry the case of the health officer's salary to the circuit court. Members Howald, Jacoby, Smith and Haag Wednesday announced themselves in favor of taking such action, and today Wefler declared that he is with them. These five constitute a majority of the members. The city clerk has said that he will take the case up whether the council give him support or not.

LUZON IS PACIFIED.

M. C. George Tells of Philippine Conditions.

INSURGENTS QUEER FIGHTERS.

They Will Not Come Out in Open Combat—Soldiers Have no Real Engagements—Possibilities for Coal in the Islands.

M. C. George, who has been in the regular army in the Philippine Islands, arrived in the city Thursday morning and is now a guest at the home of his brother, Herbert George, in Cherry street. Mr. George is first sergeant of the Seventieth coast artillery, which has been stationed on the island of Luzon for the past three years. The company has been returned to San Francisco where it is now in camp and will be discharged about January 1. "Our company," said Mr. George, "left Manila October 1. We came by the way of Japan, stopping there four days. We were 28 days sailing from Manila to San Francisco. The island of Luzon is now pacified, but few soldiers are needed there. In the southern islands much fighting is yet going on, and I think the time is not very near when the islands will be entirely pacified and brought under civil rule.

"Manila is a great city. Since it has been under civil rule, directed by the Americans, its streets have been cleaned up and repaired and now present a respectable appearance. Most of the streets are paved and a few are paved with cobble stones. The police protection is good. There are between four and five hundred, some natives but the greater part discharged American soldiers. Sanitary conditions are much improved and sickness is much less prevalent among the Americans than formerly. The rainy season now has but little effect on Manila.

"The insurgents are queer fighters. During the whole time we were in the Philippines we did not have what you could call a real engagement. They will not come out in open fight, it is all bushwhacking.

"The Philippines are abundant with natural products. There is enough hemp there to supply the world. Some coal has been found but it has not been sufficiently developed to determine whether it exists in large quantities or not. I do not see why there should not be as much coal there as there is in Japan." Mr. George expects to return to San Francisco in about thirty days.

OHIO'S OLDEST PHYSICIAN.

Celebrated Ninety-eighth Birthday on Wednesday.

Akron, Nov. 22.—Charles F. Wilgohs, probably the oldest practicing physician in the state, celebrated his 98th birthday anniversary at Clinton Wednesday. Dr. Wilgohs was born near Kiel in the grand duchy of Holstein, and he came to America in 1835, being forced to flee from his native land because of political complications. For nearly sixty years he lived in the vicinity of Doylstown and until three or four years ago he continued to practice medicine. A year ago he went to Clinton to live with his son, Charles, who manages a hotel at that place. The celebration Wednesday was a very quiet affair as Dr. Wilgohs' wife is seriously ill. The old physician says he will live 100 years. He is yet in fairly good health.

SKIRTS FOR BRAZIL.

Massillon Concern Makes a Large Shipment.

The Massillon Shirt and Skirt Company Wednesday made a shipment of skirts to Portland, Ore. Last week a large number of skirts were shipped to Brazil, South America. The factory is being operated without cessation, and the force is being increased from time to time.

Diphtheria relieved in twenty minutes. Almost miraculous. Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. At any drug store.

ANNUAL MEETING.

Convention of Township Sunday Schools.

ARE INTERESTING DISCUSSIONS.

It is Decided to Hold an Intermediate Convention in the City Next May—Addresses by Well-Known Ministers and Teachers—The Officers Elected.

The annual convention of the Perry township Sunday school convention was held in the lecture room of the First M. E. church Thursday evening. The convention was well attended, and representatives from many of the Sunday schools of the city and township were present.

The exercises opened with a song service followed by devotional exercises conducted by the Rev. J. F. Clokey. T. H. Focke, president of the association, in an opening address, stated that the purpose of the convention was to bring the teachers and scholars of the different Sunday schools closer together, to exchange ideas and advance new theories for advancement of Sunday school work. He said that the great need of the schools is better teachers and that just as long as the teachers are indifferent the scholars will be indifferent and drift away. The report of the secretary and treasurer was called for. Secretary Wilson was not present and the report was passed over.

Mrs. C. E. Archer read an interesting paper on "Home Department and Cradle Roll Work." She said "the home department is the only advance movement which has not a single enemy. The object of this department is to advance the home study of the Bible. The cradle roll is designed for the training of children too young for the Sunday school. Both departments are a commendable feature of the Sunday school."

Prof. E. A. Jones, who is a member of the executive committee of the county association, stated that the association is in a flourishing condition but the hearty co-operation of all the township associations is needed. Schools of all denominations must work together for each is a factor which makes up the great system of the international association.

The Rev. O. P. Foust, in an address on "Flower Gardens," said: "This world is not our home, it is only a temporary abode for man. We hope for something higher and nobler. Here the flowers fade and fall and we have but the recollections of them. It was the children—Christ's beautiful flowers—for whom He died that they might be transplanted in the garden over there."

Brief addresses were made by the Rev. J. F. Clokey and the Rev. C. M. Roberts.

When the question drawer was opened Prof. Jones asked how many township meetings ought to be held each year. He suggested one other, besides the annual meeting. Discussions followed and on motion by the Rev. C. M. Roberts, the executive committee was instructed to take steps for the inauguration of a convention of all the Sunday schools in the city to be held some time next May.

The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, Charles Heckman; vice president, L. L. Nave; secretary and treasurer, Joseph Kenyon.

The members of the high school assisted in the song service. The male chorus sang "Home Sweet Home."

COWS DELAYED CARS.

And Miners Would Not Work, Says an Operator.

The various locals of the United Mine Workers of America throughout the district are now voting on the proposal to begin work on certain days later than the usual hour. "We think the miners will be very unreasonable if they won't agree to do this," remarked an operator today. "When positive assurance is given the men that cars will arrive at the mines during the morning, I think they ought to accept the operator's word and go to work. As it is now, sometimes the cars arrive a few minutes after the hour for beginning work, and the men refuse to go in. Well, the railway company takes the cars away, for they are so scarce now that none can be allowed to stand idle a full day anywhere. The other day, at a coal mine, some cows got on the switch and delayed the cars so that they did not reach the mine till fifteen minutes after beginning time. The miners would not work, because the cars were late."

BAMMERLINCASE SETTLED.

Street Fair Association Will Pay \$100 Damages.

The case of Bammerlin Brothers, piano manufacturers, against the Massillon Street Fair Association, was settled Friday afternoon. Bammerlin's claim was for \$1,800, alleged damages for pianos and property destroyed by fire during the last street fair. The Fair Association pay to Bammerlin Brothers \$100 and all costs are to be paid by the plaintiff. Wilison & Day were attorneys for the Fair Association. R. W. McCaughey and A. A. Thayer represented the plaintiff.

STRUCK BY A TRAIN

Henry Meese Instantly Killed at Canton.

NO GATES AT STREET CROSSING.

Last of the Stark Electric Railway Company's Appropriation Cases Settled in Probate Court—Sugar Creek Township Woman Sues for Divorce.

Canton, Nov. 21.—Henry Meese, a well-known tinner, was struck and instantly killed by a south bound passenger train on the C. T. & V. railroad, at the Navarre street crossing, about 10 o'clock Thursday morning. Mr. Meese was riding his bicycle towards the city and evidently failed to observe the approaching train. There are no gates at the crossing. Mr. Meese was 45 years of age and was formerly employed at the Canton Steel Roofing Company. He leaves a wife and two children. He was the father of Per Lee Meese, of Thayer's Military band.

Cora Langdon has begun proceedings in common pleas court for a divorce from Charles R. Langdon on the grounds of extreme cruelty and desertion. The plaintiff resides in Sugarcreek township.

FOR CHRISTMAS TREAT.

Children of Fairmount Home Dependent on Massillon.

The Independent has received the following letter from Superintendent Southworth, of the Fairmount children's home, dated Alliance, Nov. 20: "Will you kindly notify the good citizens of your city of the fact that the Christmas treat for the children at the Fairmount home this year will be dependent on them. In 1893 the good citizens of Massillon provided for these children and at a time when hard times were just beginning. Yet the treat was a sumptuous one and a part of the work done was in the shape of books for our library. I cannot tell you of the amount of good that the children derived from day to day and the books have been cared for and are in pretty good shape yet. There has been some complaint about our not giving the notice in time, so will ask you to kindly mention the subject through the columns of your paper.

Yours very truly,

M. M. SOUTHWORTH,

Superintendent.

ST. MARY'S RECTORY.

Father Kaempker Moves Into His New Home Friday.

The rectory at St. Mary's Catholic church is completed, and today the rector, the Rev. H. V. Kaempker, is moving his furniture, much of which is of recent purchase, into the house. During the time the rectory was building Father Kaempker lived in the small house formerly occupied by the gardener.

The new rectory was planned by Architect John B. Vermont. It stands on the site of its predecessor, fronting on Cherry street. The structure is two stories high, 70x45 feet, built of pressed brick, trimmed with stone, with turrets and porches at the front and rear. The style of the architecture, in the main, is modern, with a slight inclination toward the Roman. The structure has fourteen rooms, not including two bath rooms. A hall eight feet wide extends nearly the entire length of the building on the first floor. On the second floor the hall has the building's full length. The general arrangements of the rooms was made in accordance with the ideas of the rector.

Seymour Webb, Moira, N. Y., writes: "I had been troubled with my kidneys for twenty-five years and had tried several physicians but received no relief until I bought a bottle of Foley's Kidney Cure. After using two bottles I was absolutely cured. I earnestly recommend Foley's Kidney Cure." Take only Foley's. Rids. & Snyder.

TO HAVE 50 LINES.

U. S. Telephone Division Headquarters Here.

WILL BE ESTABLISHED DEC. 1.

A Big Test Station and Warehouse Will be Required Here—The Massillon Telephone Company Has Been a Part of the Federal Telephone Company for a Year.

R. S. Shields, of Canton, says that the meeting between officials of the Federal Telephone Company and the directors of the Stark County Telephone Company Wednesday afternoon resulted in the purchase of the Massillon Telephone Company by the Stark County Telephone Company. He said that the purchase included all the corporate property of the Massillon Telephone Company, including the exchanges in Canal Fulton, Dalton, Navarre, and other places. Mr. Shields said that when the Stark County Company opens about the middle of December it will own and control all of the independent lines in Stark county, including Canton, Massillon and Alliance. Elmer E. Fox, of Massillon, was added to the board of directors of the Stark Company.

Local Manager Holloway stated today that the Massillon company is still a part of the Federal Telephone Company's system and that the name of the local concern will continue to be the Massillon Telephone Company, though it is probable that a change will be made later.

The United States Telephone Company is now preparing to establish in Massillon division headquarters, which will have supervision over all lines east of a line running north and south through Columbus. Edward E. Ebersole, of Cleveland, has been appointed superintendent of maintenance of way, and will be located in Massillon. C. W. Sebern, of Cleveland, will be assistant superintendent.

A fifty-wire test station will be located here. The division headquarters will be opened December 1. It is probable that a large building will be erected later, as immense warehouse facilities will be required here.

MAUGERA FREE MAN

Testimony Against Him is Impeached.

MANY WITNESSES EXAMINED.

Most of Them Swore That They Would Not Believe Frank Yingling or George Brown Under Oath—Arson Was the Charge.

Charles Manger, held on a charge of setting fire to a barn and wheat stack belonging to Frank Yingling, east of the city, Friday night, was discharged by Mayor Wise Wednesday afternoon.

The witnesses for the prosecution were Frank Yingling and his adopted son, George Brown, who lives with him. Brown swore that Manger, being refused lodging Friday night, threatened Yingling. He said he saw Manger go to Yingling's barn, and that a few minutes later the fire broke out.

Mrs. Haag, who lives near the Yingling place, testified that the fire originated at 2:10 o'clock.

Edward Mist, Charles Heyman and Philip Harmon testified that Manger left the city for his home at least two hours before the fire started.

The defendant swore that he was at his home before 1 o'clock of the night of the fire and knew nothing of it until the following morning.

Policeman Turene Getz, Fire Chief Andrew Burkle, Policeman Julius Wittman, Constable Louis Bamberger, ex-Constable Thomas Morgan, Attorney Orlando Volkmar, Constable John Graham and Attorney W. S. Spidel, swore that they would not believe Yingling or Brown under oath.

The prosecution was represented by Attorney J. A. McLaughlin and the defense by E. G. Willison.

W. J. Shively, Batesville, O., speaking of Banner Salve, writes: "I used it for piles, and it has done me more good than any salve I have ever used, and I have tried a great many kinds." Rider & Snyder.

NEW SCHEDULE.

Three Trains Will be Put on the Pennsylvania Sunday.

Under the new schedule of trains on the Pennsylvania lines, which goes into effect Sunday, several new trains have been put on and several have changed time. Train No. 211, a new train that runs between Pittsburgh and Wooster by the way of Youngstown, leaves Massillon at 8:59 p. m. daily, except Sunday. Train No. 405, west bound is due here at 12:53 a. m. This train is a new train direct to Toledo. Train No. 21 now due here at 4:12 a. m., will not stop here. Train No. 15 now due at 9:35 p. m., will be due twelve minutes later. A new east bound train will leave here at 8:55 a. m. Train No. 42 due at 4:26 p. m. will arrive at 4:18, daily. Train No. 20 will arrive at 10:11 instead of 10:22.

BAD FIRE IN CANTON

Loss Will Reach Fifty Thousand Dollars.

OVER TWO HUNDRED MEN IDLE.

Canton Expects to Raise Thirty-five Thousand Dollars for the McKinley Monument—Annual Report of Officers of the Aultman Hospital.

Canton, Nov. 23.—The Cleveland Axle Manufacturing Company's plant was partially destroyed by fire about midnight Friday. Only the fireproof wall dividing the destroyed portion from the rest of the shop saved the entire plant from being consumed, in the opinion of an official of the company, as he said the water pressure was so low as to be of small service in fighting the flames. The loss is roughly estimated at \$35,000 or \$40,000. The forge department, blacksmith shop and engine room, vital parts of the establishment, were reduced to ruins, bringing the business of the plant to a standstill and entailing a shutdown lasting from thirty to sixty days. The actual damage done to the plant, it is announced, is fully covered by insurance, but the chief loss inflicted lies in the fact that the present is the height of the busy season and that the firm is compelled to sit with folded hands, unable to handle the large influx of orders which the increasing reputation of the Cleveland axle has caused to come in. Preparations had been made to run the shop at night, beginning Monday, in order to take care of the rush of orders. About two hundred and fifty men were employed, and these will be temporarily thrown out of work. Officers of the company could give no explanation as to the origin of the fire. Night Watchman Patrick Fitzsimmons was the first to discover the blaze. While making his rounds he saw flames issuing from the engine room about 10:45 o'clock. Some time was lost in notifying the fire department by means of the alarm, and a telephone call was sent in.

A permanent local auxiliary board to the McKinley National Memorial Association was formed Friday evening at a meeting of about fifty citizens, representing the various professions, trades and mercantile interests of Canton, in the mayor's office. The work of soliciting subscriptions to the fund will be pushed at once and a report to the state board will be prepared January 1, 1902. It is expected to raise not less than \$35,000 in Canton.

The annual meeting of the board of trustees of the Aultman Hospital Association was held Friday evening. Reports of the president, treasurer, and the various committees were made. The old board of directors was re-elected. The report of the superintendent shows that 239 patients were treated during the year. It cost to maintain the institution and carrying on its work for the year, \$9,205.55.

Daniel H. Braucher had begun an action against I. Newton Butler, as administrator of the estate of Jacob Braucher, deceased. Plaintiff asks judgment in the sum of \$1,245 and interest at 6 per cent from December 23, 1899, which he claims as due him for 249 weeks care and nursing of the decedent at \$5 per week. In another petition Daniel H. Braucher says that he and the now decedent Jacob Braucher formed a partnership for the purpose of engaging in the blacksmith business in Jackson township. He says that the books are now in the hands of the administrator and asks that an accounting be made and that he be allowed the amount due him.

"Little Cold" neglected—thousands of lives sacrificed every year. Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup cures little colds—cure big colds, too, down to the very verge of consumption.

THE INDEPENDENT.

THE INDEPENDENT COMPANY.

INDEPENDENT BUILDING,
30 N. Erie Street, - - MASSILLON, O.

WEEKLY FOUNDED IN 1883
DAILY FOUNDED IN 1887.
SEMI-WEEKLY FOUNDED IN 1896.

LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE.
BOTH TELEPHONES NO. 60.

THE EVENING INDEPENDENT IS ON
SALE AT BARNES'S BOOK STORE, BAN-
JERLIN'S CIGAR STAND (Hotel Conrad),
and Bert Hankins' News stand in
North Mill street.



MONDAY, NOVEMBER 25, 1901

The national treasury was never before in such good condition. The gold therein on October 31, 1901, \$542,582,849, was the highest in the history of the country, while the circulation per capita, \$28.50, was also the highest. Our credit is the highest in the world. We are buying bonds, lending money all over Europe, and piling up a larger surplus than ever in spite of reduced taxation.

Mayor Robertson, of Canton, has decided that \$20,000 is not too big a figure for the amount that Canton citizens are to subscribe for the McKinley memorial. It is time for Massillon citizens to decide how much they can consistently promise toward the enterprise. Stark county must do its best, and Massillon's donation should be near the top in the list of amounts raised near the late President's home.

The ceremonies attendant upon the dedication of McKinley hall, the new and handsome structure which has been added to the Massillon state hospital buildings, promise to be of great interest to the people of this vicinity. Governor Nash and other distinguished visitors are expected to be present, and besides the governor's address there will be speeches by such well known men as the Hon. Henry W. Harter, the Hon. T. K. Disette, the Hon. W. S. McKennon and Robert H. Day. The exercises will constitute the first and most important of many interesting gatherings which will doubtless be held in McKinley hall.

The Michigan Farmer strikes the vital principle of reciprocity when it observes that the industries of the United States have been developed in the face of the strongest opposition from competitors who would have liked us to remain tributary to their industries. In no other way could this have been done so quickly and effectively, it says, as by a tariff which protected them from outside competition until strong enough to stand alone. And this should always be borne in mind in making treaties of reciprocity or they will prove more or less disastrous to important industries. It will therefore require sound statesmanship to put the principle of reciprocity into actual practice, and yet inflict no damaging blow to home industries on which many thousands of people may depend for employment and livelihood.

The conclusions of the three hundred manufacturers, who have just closed the discussion of every phase of existing trade conditions in this country and abroad, are embodied in the resolutions adopted by the national reciprocity convention. The resolutions conclusively show that American manufacturers are unanimous in their adherence to the protective principles now in force; that they want no disturbance of existing tariff schedules through tariff tinkering; that all reciprocity movements must be adapted to special conditions, but that there must be no disturbance of home manufacturing commerce or agricultural conditions in securing reciprocity arrangements. One of the strongest lessons of the convention is the unquestioned preponderance of the protective tariff sentiment throughout the United States on business lines and irrespective of political consideration. Democrats and Republicans, free traders and protectionists have made plain the advantages of the protective principles through statements of actual condition, showing that it is designed for the common good.

MANY GO BACK.

In spite of the unprecedented prosperity of this country during the past five years which would naturally promote immigration from the less flourishing nations of Europe, we added only 1,091,729 foreign-born people to our population between 1890 and 1900. Inasmuch as within that period three and a half million immigrants landed at our ports, it seems evident that by far the largest number of them all—in the proportion of about 2½ to 1—returned, after a longer or shorter stay, to their native lands. This is a new and curious phase of immigration. In former decades only a small percentage of immigrants were "transients," the great body of them came to stay. The change may be interpreted in two ways, either as simply indicating the greater mobility of

labor, due to cheaper railroad and ocean fares, or as implying that this country no longer offers such superlatively better conditions to the average workman, and especially to the man with a gift for pioneer work as a settler and farmer in a new country.

That there is some truth in the latter suggestion seems fairly to be inferred from the fact that whereas from 1880 to 1890 our Western and Northwestern states received 44.5 per cent of all immigrants, the Eastern states received 80 per cent of them all between 1890 and 1900. Clearly there has been a great change, a revolution in fact, in the characteristics of the people who come to us from Europe. —New York World.

NO ENCOURAGEMENT FOR THIRD PARTIES.

There is but little in the political history of the country to encourage either the Bryan wing or the autis to form what might be termed a third party, with any hopes of success. There have been a multitude of minor political organizations since the war. First came the Liberal Republicans, who in 1872 nominated Horace Greeley to the presidency. It was largely organized out of the Republican party, but it endured only a short time. In the same year the Prohibition party was organized on a national basis, but with the exception noted in 1884, it never cut any figure in a campaign for the presidency. Then came the Greenbackers with Peter Cooper as their candidate for the presidency. That flourished for a day and passed into nothingness. It grew out of the discussion of the financial issue, but with the election of Hayes in 1876, and the triumph of the principles of sound money, it soon gave up the ghost. During its life it was very active in Ohio and some of the best-known Democratic leaders, including such men as Thurman, Ward, Hurd, Cary and others embraced its faith. Then came the Union Labor party and the Populists, an organization that had a large following, especially in the West. There was soon a split in its ranks and in 1896 the stalwarts and the Middle-of-the-Roaders nominated tickets. William Jennings Bryan, who in 1892 supported General James B. Weaver of Iowa for the presidency, was nominated for the presidency, and he was endorsed by both wings. Where are the Populists today? Good times have wiped them off the face of the political map. —Ohio State Journal.

JOHN SMITHS IN THE MYERS SCHOOL.

To the Editor of The Independent:

I notice an article in The Independent of recent date by Dr. Moffitt, of Washington, D. C., on the Myers school district of Tuscarawas township. Much of it is historical and of general interest to the public, while much of it is not, and like much other matter that has been written about that district, contains a good deal of bragadocio. The period of time on which they base their claims covers seventy years. Where is there a district in the state that has not sent out some good men within that period? Three president of the United States, four United States senators, a score of governors, hundreds of congressmen and many major generals of the army at some time within that period attended some district school of Ohio, but none of whom attended the Myers school. I know of none who went out from there who ever gained a state or national reputation. Until this is done there is nothing to boast about. He speaks of the Philo debating club that had no equal in the state. The writer of this communication has been there and taken part but failed to hear anything above the ordinary. He speaks of certain school teachers who had no equal in the state. I think if the doctor would investigate he would find many "John Smiths" even in Stark county.

He also claims the best spellers for that district. The writer knew many spellers who could have routed the whole crowd to the "woods" in five minutes, among whom were the Corker brothers, the Mathie brothers, L. W. Foster and Sarah A. Eggert. The above named knew the McGuffey speller by heart and could spell any word correctly in Webster's dictionary if the proper definition were given. The reason that the above spellers did not go to the Myers district was for the reason that they were always looking for better game.

J. W. E.

Adolph Bluner, Grand Mound, Ia., writes: "I have used Foley's Honey and Tar in my family and think it is the best cough cure on the market. I would not be without it in my home, as there is nothing so good for coughs and colds." Rider & Snyder.

What's the secret of happy, vigorous health? Simply keeping the bowels, the stomach, the liver and kidneys strong and active. Burdock Blood Bitters does it.

Geo. A. Points, Upper Sandusky, O., writes: "I have been using Foley's Honey and Tar for hoarseness and find it the best remedy I ever tried. It stopped the cough immediately and relieved all soreness." Take none but Foley's. Rider & Snyder.

Years of suffering relieved in a night. Itching piles yielded at once to the curative properties of Doan's Ointment. Never fails. At any drug store, 50 cents.

For Hoarseness.

Benj. Ingerson, of Hutton, Ind., says he had not spoken a word above a whisper for months, and one bottle of Foley's Honey and Tar restored his voice. Be sure you get Foley's. Rider & Snyder.

MESSAGE FINISHED.

It Will be of More Than Ordinary Length.

THE MEMORIAL ASSOCIATION.

Plan for Equitable Distribution of Funds Collected by the National Association—One-Third to be Given to the Canton Association.

Washington, Nov. 23.—President Roosevelt finished the reading of his message to congress to the cabinet members at their regular session yesterday. It is understood to make between 28,000 and 30,000 words. Secretary Root talked to the cabinet for some time about a feature of his annual report which will provide for a board of instruction to supervise the work of the several schools of instruction for officers of the army. This system of higher instruction will in effect establish an entirely new branch of army education.

Plans by which it is hoped to prevent differences between the Canton McKinley Monument Association and the Washington Memorial Arch Association and secure harmony of action were agreed upon at a meeting of the executive committee of the latter body yesterday. A committee of five was appointed to confer with the board of trustees of the Canton association in this city, December 7. A resolution was adopted for the guidance of the Washington conference outlining the wishes of the executive committee. These are that the two associations shall make a joint poll of the country of a fund to erect both the monument at Canton and the memorial arch in this city. The territory to be canvassed will include everything except the District of Columbia and the state of Ohio. The desire of the executive committee and the proposition which will be made to the board of trustees of the Canton association is that all of the money collected one-third shall go to the Canton monument and two-thirds to the memorial arch. The trustees of the Canton association are scheduled to meet in this city December 7, and it is to meet these trustees that the Washington organization last night appointed a conference committee.

MRS. ALLEN ACQUITTED.

Charged with Murdering Her Husband at Youngstown.

Youngstown, Nov. 23.—Friday evening the jury in the Mrs. Allen murder case returned a verdict of not guilty. The jury secured its charge at noon and from the start was favorable to Mrs. Allen. Several were inclined to a verdict for manslaughter, but they soon joined the majority. On the night of August 7 James Allen was fatally shot, dying in a few hours. Mrs. Allen was arrested a few days later, charged with the murder. Her lawyers refused to outline her defense until the trial was nearly over, when to the surprise of all Mrs. Allen went on the stand and declared she shot her husband, but that it was done in self-defense. The public generally sympathized with the accused woman.

A MEETING OF MINERS.

An Effort to Bring Virginia Coal Operators Into Line.

Huntington, W. Va., Nov. 23.—The bituminous miners of both Virginias will make another effort to bring the operators into line. Officials of District No. 5 have been invited to be present at a joint conference of operators and miners to be held here next Wednesday. President Dolan and Vice President Bellingham will likely attend. Systems for the adjusting of relations between operator and miner are in existence in most of the coal states, and the miners of West Virginia and Virginia want the same recognition.

AMERICAN MARINES LANDED.

Liberal Army About to Attack Panama.

Colon, Nov. 23.—The latest news obtainable here is to the effect that the Liberal general, Lugo, has arrived at Empire station, distant about ten miles from Panama, with a force said to number 1,000 men. An attack on that city is expected momentarily and much uneasiness is felt there. Marines from the gunboat Machias still guard the station and property of the railroad here. The battleship Iowa will land forces at Panama when the necessity arises. Transit across the isthmus is still free and uninterrupted.

Today take Foley's Honey and Tar. It positively prevents pneumonia, or other serious results from colds. It may be too late tomorrow. Rider & Snyder.

FEW PRISONERS PARDONED.

Governor Nash Frees but Sixteen Last Year.

Columbus, Nov. 23.—The report of the state board of pardons, filed with the governor yesterday, shows that this board and Governor Nash are dealing out recommendations and executive clemency much more sparingly than was formerly done. The governor has refused to grant any commutations of sentences at all, and only sixteen of the twenty-five pardons recommended, were granted. Under Governor Bushnell the recommendations ran from fifty to seventy-five per annum and the governor granted them all.

EIGHT MORE DEAD.

Inspection Party Lost in the Baby Mine.

GAS DRIVES RESCUERS OUT.

Prominent Mine Officials, Including the State Inspector, in the Party—Experts Called to the Scene of the Disaster to Consult with Operators.

Bluefields, W. Va., Nov. 23.—At 11 o'clock yesterday morning Superintendent Walter O'Malley, of the Pocahontas Collieries Company, along with State Mine Inspector William Priest, A. S. Hurst, chief coal inspector for the Castnor, Curran & Bullitt Company, of Philadelphia; Robert St. Clair, chief coal inspector; Morris St. Clair and William Oldham, substitute coal inspectors; Frazier G. Bell, mining engineer, and Joseph Cardwell, manager of the Shamokin Coal & Coke Company, of Maybrough, W. Va., composing a party of eight, entered the west main of the South-west Virginia Improvement Company's collieries for the purpose of examining the true situation in regard to the recent explosion and fire in the Baby mine, and up to 12 o'clock, midnight, had not been heard from. It was supposed that the Baby mine proper had been cut off from the west mine for the purpose of operating the west mine. The large fan in the west mine had been started at an early hour this morning, and at 11 o'clock today it was thought that all gases originating from fire in the Baby mine had been forced from the main portion, and it was considered safe to enter.

At 6 p. m. a party consisting of experienced miners, led by Assistant Superintendent King, entered the mines to rescue the last party of eight but at 6:45 they returned, having encountered such quantities of black damp as to make it impossible to enter any distance into the mine. Assistant Superintendent King was completely overcome by the gas encountered, and is now in a critical condition. A consultation is now being held in the company's offices at Pocahontas of the different mining experts from Flat Top field, these experts having been rushed to Pocahontas by a special train late yesterday afternoon. All efforts are being used to recover the bodies of the inspecting party, but no hopes are entertained that any of them will be recovered alive.

Up to 10 o'clock today no one had attempted to enter the Baby mine to search for the eight prominent officials who went into the mine yesterday to make an inspection, and for whom unavailing search was made last night. There is no doubt now that they are added to the list of dead.

A MAN BLOWN UP.

Carried Powder and Lighted Cigar in Same Pocket.

Rochester, N. Y., Nov. 23.—With a terrific explosion J. B. Johnson, a prominent Medina farmer, was blown up on the main street of that village last night. Johnson had purchased a package of gunpowder and placed it in his pocket. Some hours later he put his half smoked cigar in the same pocket. His funeral will be held Sunday.

TRIED TO KILL HIS WIFE.

An Ohio Man Commits Suicide on Shipboard.

Queenstown, Nov. 23.—As the steamer Cymric, from Liverpool for New York, was coming down the channel this morning, Thomas Halliday, of Ohio, one of the passengers, attempted to kill his wife, then committed suicide.

Recommends It to Trainmen.

G. H. Hausan, Lima, O., Engineer L. E. & W. R. R., writes: "I have been troubled a great deal with backache. I was induced to try Foley's Kidney Cure and one bottle entirely cured me. I gladly recommend it to anyone, especially my friends among the trainmen, who are usually similarly afflicted." Rider & Snyder.

A Gigantic Sale.

C. M. Whitman, Massillon's Greatest Clothier's Entire Stock

To be Sold by the Chicago Salvage Company, at Massillon.

Save This and Wait Until Tuesday, November 26, at 9 O'clock A. M.

THE ENTIRE STOCK

Of C. M. Whitman will be Sold at 33 % Less Than Cost of Raw Material by the Chicago Salvage Company in Ten Days.

C. M. Whitman, Massillon's greatest clothier, hatter and furnisher's entire stock, consisting of \$85,000 worth of fine Tailor Made Clothing, Furnishing Goods and Hats, will be placed on sale and sold at retail at 33 per cent less than raw cost of production, beginning Tuesday, November 26th, at 9 a. m., and positively closes in ten days. The entire stock must be sold and the stock has been placed in the hands of the Chicago Salvage Company, the largest institution of its kind in the world. As this sale will only last ten days, everything will go rapidly. This is the first sale of this kind and magnitude that has ever occurred in this city, and it may never occur again. The opening will be made a gala day. Bring the children. There will be music all day, and in order to prove to you what tremendous sacrifices must be made we mention a few extraordinary bargains that will be offered. And bear in mind that there are 1,000 different articles that we cannot mention here. We advise you to save this and bring it with you, so that there is no mistake that you get exactly the goods mentioned in this document. Remember, no postponement, this great Chicago Salvage Company's sale at Whitman's store, Massillon, will close in TEN DAYS. Just think of the following propositions, and remember that all goods priced in this document can be brought back any time during the sale.

Splendid Overcoats in medium, heavy or light weight, \$2.98. This coat is of the finest material and positively worth \$12. We will allow you to take this coat home and keep it 5 days, and if you do not think it worth \$12, or no matter what the cause may be, you may return the same, and we hereby bind ourselves to refund the \$2.98. Men's nice, good durable Overcoats in black and brown, for Sunday wear, \$3.85, positively worth \$20. Men's Fine Overcoats in silk and satin linings, olives, tans and dark blue shades, \$6.98, worth \$22 or your money refunded, no matter what the cause may be. The finest quality of custom tailor made Overcoats and imported Royal Standard Kerseys, all shades and lined with plush, silk or astrakhan, \$12.99, positively worth \$40, or your money refunded at any time during this sale.

A Fine Suit of Men's Clothes, all to match, \$2.98. This suit is positively worth \$12.50 or your money refunded during the sale.

Men's Fine Suits in Cheviots and Scotch Plaids, \$4.98. Worth \$15 or your money refunded at any time during the sale if you are not satisfied.

Men's Splendid Suits in Velour Finished Casimeres, all sizes, \$5.85. This suit is worth \$18 or your money back.

Silk and Satin lined Dress Suits in plain checks and stripes, \$7.48. This suit is positively worth \$22.

Men's Extra Fine Dress Suits, in all the latest styles and shades, heavy silk and satin lined, equal to the finest \$40 tailor made to order suit for (don't fail to ask for this suit) \$12.48.

Men's Fine Dress Pants, 98c. Worth \$3.50 or your money returned.

Men's fine trousers for Sunday wear, in worsteds and fancy stripes, at \$2.39. Positively worth \$5, \$6 and \$7 or your money refunded.

About 500 heavy, durable Ulster Overcoats, worth \$15.00, at \$4.98.

About 250 Overcoats, some satin lined and other silk, \$9.89. Positively worth \$22 to \$35 or money returned at any time during the sale.

Men's Fancy Striped and Silk Flocced Underwear at less than cost of production.

Boys' Suits and Overcoats, worth \$4.50, 98c.

One thousand pairs of Boys' Knee Pants, worth \$1.00, at 9c.

Men's Best Quality, Reinforced, Unlaundered Shirts, worth \$1.00, at 29c.

Good Heavy Work Shirts, worth \$1.00, at 10c.

Over 1,000 dozen Men's Fancy Colored Shirts, all sizes, among them such famous brands as Manhattan, worth \$2, at 60c.

Fine Dress Shirts, worth \$1.00 at 38c.

Men's Hats, genuine Stetson shapes, also a few Dunlaps, worth \$3.00 and \$5.00, 98c.

1,000 Dozen Men's Dress and Work Gloves, lined and unlined, at one-third Whitman's price.

A few hundred Boys' Hats and Caps, worth \$1.00, at 19c.

Men's Fine Silk Embroidered Suspenders, worth 75c, at 6c.

Good Heavy Socks, worth 35c, at 8c.

500 dozen Dress and Work Gloves at one-third their value.

Over 5,000 Neckties, in all shades, worth from 50c to \$1.00, at 19c.

Men's Handkerchiefs, worth 35c, at 8c.

1,000 pair of Overalls, worth \$1.00, at 29c.

These are all up-to-date 1901 goods. You know the date, you know the day. Sale positively begins Tuesday November 26, and positively continues for ten days only, at C. M. Whitman's store, 7 West Main street, next door to Bee Hive dry goods store, Massillon, O. Do not confound this sale with so-called closing out sales, etc. This is a legitimate sale. Massillon's largest clothier is forced to

make this sale and everything will be sold. Positively no goods sold and no one allowed in the building until Tuesday, Nov. 26th, at 9 a. m. Be sure you are right. Look for the large sign, C. M. Whitman, over the door.

Chicago Salvage Co.,

WHITMAN'S STORE.
Store open union hours; closed Thanksgiving Day.
I hereby agree to refund the money on all goods priced above, if not satisfactory to the purchaser.—George W. McGill, manager.

N. B.—Railroad fare paid to purchasers of \$25 or over.

BRIEFLY TOLD.

There is no use Leaving Massillon. Believe the statements of residents

Endorsement by residents of Massillon

Proof positive from Massillon people. Cannot be evaded or doubted.

Read this statement:

Mrs. J. M. Melvin, residing at the Hotel Saylor, says: "I have used several boxes of Doan's Kidney Pills, procuring them at Baltzly's drug store, nearly opposite the opera house. The treatment brings strength and renews health. Not only can I give this remedy my unqualified endorsement but I know of several friends who appreciate its phenomenal value very highly. It seems to be the universal opinion among sufferers from their kidneys that nothing equals Doan's Kidney Pills."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S.

Remember the name, Doan's, and take no substitute.

To Cure a Cough

Stop coughing, as it irritates the lungs and gives them no chance to heal. Foley's Honey and Tar cures without causing a strain in throwing off the phlegm like common cough expectorants. Rider & Snyder.

MEUSER BROS., MASSILLON, O.
Established 1891

We want your Business.

We want to sell you a PIANO or ORGAN

We don't feel independent.

We want every sale that is earnest, honest, legitimate

effort will bring us, and we are sure we shall have it, after you see our stock of Lin-

deman, Wessel, Block, Heller, Cambridge, Norwood, and Dun-

ham Pianos, and get our prices and terms.

FREE

till January 1st, with every piano, one term of lessons.

We do not misrepresent our pianos, but sell them for what grade they are, and we have ONE PRICE, that the lowest. It will pay you to see us before you buy.

Pianos \$125 and up.

Organs \$35 and up.

Pianos and furniture repaired, varnished and polished.

All work guaranteed first-class

MEUSER BROS.,

PIANO MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS,

88-90 N. ERIE ST., next to Armory.

Massillon, O.

WEAKNESS

OF MEN AND WOMEN

Could we read the hearts of every man we meet, what a load of sorrow and despair would be disclosed. Indiscretions and Blood Diseases have caused more physical and mental wrecks than all other causes combined. They strike at the foundation of manhood; they sap the vital forces; they undermine the system, and not only do they often disrupt the family circle, but they may even extend their poisonous fangs into the next generation. If you have been a victim of early sinful habits, remember the deed is done, and sooner or later you will reap a harvest. If your blood has been diseased from any cause do not risk a return later on. Our New Method Treatment will positively cure you and you need never fear any return of the disease. We will give you a guarantee bond to that effect. We would warn you sincerely against the promiscuous use of mercury. It does not cure blood poison, but simply suppresses the symptoms.

WE CURE OR NO PAY.

Don't Let Your Life be Drained Away, which weakens the intellect as well as the body. There is no room in this world for mental, physical or sexual dwarfs. Our New Method Treatment will Stop All Lues, Natural Losses, Purify the Blood, Strengthen the Nerves, Restore Vitality, and make a man of you. If you are in trouble, call and consult us. Consultation is Free. We treat and cure Drains, Blood Diseases, Venereal, Stricture, Unnatural Discharges, Gleet, Kidney and Bladder Diseases. No cutting or operations. No medicine taken. Everything confidential. Consultation Free. Books Free. Question Blank Free for Home Treatment.

DRS.

KENNEDY & KERGAN

247 Superior Street,

CLEVELAND, - - OHIO.

THANKS DUE THE LORD

For Greater Blessings Than
Ever Before, In History of
the Nation.

INTERNATIONAL SUPREMACY

Approached by Mighty Strides, In
Commerce and Influence—Labor Is
Well Employed at High Wages.
Other Reasons.

New York, Nov. 23.—R. G. Dun &
Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade, issued
today, said in part:

Never before in the history of the
United States was there such great
reason for a day of national thank-
sgiving. This country has made unpre-
cedented strides toward a position of
international supremacy, not only in
commerce, but also in influence. To a
marked degree business enterprises
have proved successful. An idle
wheel in mills or factories is the ex-
ception, while labor is so well em-
ployed at high wages that consump-
tive demands sustain market values
of all staple commodities. Transport-
ing facilities have been unable to keep
pace with the nation's requirements,
many complaining of tardy deliveries,
which alone act as a brake on com-
mercial progress. By closing lake
navigation, lower temperature will re-
lieve the railway situation, thousands
of cars being restored to inland traf-
fic. This same factor of seasonable
weather stimulates retail dealings,
and prompt collections swell bank ex-
changes.

Iron and Steel Situation.

Careful search discloses few un-
favorable factors in the iron and steel
situation. Probably the least satis-
factory conditions are found at pig
mills, which report an uneven distri-
bution of orders. A few large con-
tracts appear to secure the bulk of
new business, but heavy orders for
cars will largely expand the buying,
while the new combination will put
this class of mills on a stronger
basis. In rails there is no apparent
limit to the orders placed, though
some mills are unable to guarantee
delivery within a year. One Pittsburgh
report places the year's output of
structural material at 600,000 tons.
After six months of more or less in-
terruption all machine shops and kin-
dered plants at San Francisco have
fully resumed, and it is certain that
the greatest force on record is now
engaged in the various departments
of iron and steel making. Raw ma-
terial at the south has advanced, but
at central points pig iron is steady,
though rapidly absorbed.

Wool has continued active and firm
in price, despite returns indicating
that the domestic clip was the largest
since 1894. Boston shipments reached
a new high record.

Farm Product Strong.

Strength is the rule in the markets
for farm products. Favorable weath-
er during the closing days of corn
harvesting failed to bring any reac-
tion from the highest price level in
many years, and the market was
equally oblivious to Atlantic exports
for the week of only 450,424 bushels,
as against 3,838,666 a year ago. After
some weeks of gradual decline to-
ward a normal position, pork products
suddenly bounded upwards, regardless
of weakness in live hogs.

Wheat holds at about 3 cents above
last year's prices, despite the marked
difference in size of crops. Receipts
for the week were 7,481,529 bushels,
as against 4,728,100 a year ago, while
the export movement is equally grati-
fying, especially from ports on the
Pacific.

Failures for the week numbered 218
in the United States, against 238 last
year, and 31 in Canada, against 29
last year.

DICKINSON MAY BRING CASH.

He Is Considering Advisability of an
Ultimatum to Miss Stone's
Captors.

Sofia, Nov. 23.—Mr. Dickinson, the
diplomatic agent of the United States,
started yesterday for Constantinople,
there to confer with Spencer Eddy,
the secretary of the United States leg-
ation, as to the best means of hasten-
ing a solution in the deadlock
which has arisen in the negotiations
over the release of Miss Stone.

Mr. Dickinson will probably return
here, bringing with him cash with
which to pay Miss Stone's ransom, as
her kidnapers insist this payment be
made in Turkish gold.

Mr. Dickinson is considering the
advisability of presenting an ultima-
tum to the brigands, in which he will
fix 10 days as the period within which
£10,000 must be accepted by the
brigands as Miss Stone's ransom. If
this proposal is not accepted by her
captors all dealing with the bandits,
so far as the United States is con-
cerned, will cease.

If these conditions have not already
been dictated by Mr. Dickinson the ul-
timatum comprising them will almost
certainly be delivered as soon as the
American diplomatic agent returns
from Constantinople.

According to the latest information
received here both Miss Stone and
Madame Tsilka continue in rather
good health. They are concealed in a
large village near Dubniza, whether
they were taken blindfolded and
where only rude comforts are obtain-
able.

DIED AT THE AGE OF 120 YEARS.

Abraham Elmer Possibly Was the
Oldest Man in the United States.

Utica, N. Y., Nov. 23.—Abraham
Ephraim Elmer, believed to have been
the oldest man in the United States,
died at his home in this city. His
relatives say he was nearly 120 years
old.

AMERICAN NEGROES TRAITORS.

Number Included in Band of an In-
surgent Leader, in
Luzon.

Manila, Nov. 23.—It has been of-
ficially reported to General Chaffee
that the insurgent leader, Caballos,
has 500 fully armed men, including a
number of American negroes, under
his command in Laguna province, Lu-
zon. An insurgent officer has just
been captured, carrying papers dated
Mauban, Laguna province, Nov. 18,
and signed by Caballos. The pris-
oner admits that Caballos has 1,000
men with him and contemplated at-
tacking Mauban.

SAMAR CLOSELY PATROLLED.

Insurgent Leader Lukban Maintained
a System of Taxation.

Manila, Nov. 23.—News received
here from the island of Samar is en-
couraging, although up to the present
time there have been no wholesale
surrenders of natives. The Filipinos
captured there by our troops show
evidences of suffering and hunger.
The coasts of the island are closely
patrolled by gunboats and the use of
the searchlight makes it almost im-
possible for the natives to land food
on the island for the insurgents. The
patrolling gunboats have captured
over \$20,000 in cash and \$100,000
worth of hemp, upon which a tax had
been paid to the insurgents, has been
confiscated.

The system of taxation and the col-
lection of taxes maintained by the in-
surgent leader, Lukban, was perfect
and exhaustive in every particular,
and produced revenue from births,
marriages, deaths, cock fights and
from the fish ponds of Samar. Hemp
was the most important feature of
commerce. Two per cent of its price
was given to the local presidents,
who collected the majority of the
island's revenue from those natives
who had sworn allegiance to the
United States, and turned it over to
the rebel authorities.

Smallpox is raging in the southern
islands of the archipelago. The United
States Philippine commission is
preparing an act to compel everybody
to be vaccinated.

VAN SANT SENT OUT LETTERS.

If Other Governors Are Favorable,
Conference May Be Held.

St. Paul, Nov. 23.—Governor Van
Sant sent out to the governors of
North Dakota, Montana, Idaho and
Washington letters stating the facts
so far as he had ascertained them
with regard to the alleged attempt to
consolidate the Northern Pacific and
Great Northern railways, and asking
for their opinion as to what action
should be undertaken. The governor
declined to give out the text of the
letter.

Should the other governors be fa-
vorable to united action it is prob-
able that a conference will be called
for an early date. Such meeting will
probably be held at St. Paul, because
it is here that the Northern Pacific
and Great Northern companies have
their headquarters, and if an action
at law is brought to break up the pro-
posed consolidation it is most likely
to be brought in this state.

Attorney General Douglas has been
located at Koss Landing, 52 miles be-
yond Duluth, on the north shore of
Lake Superior, and is expected home
today.

MILLIONS TO BE SPENT.

Pennsylvania to Expend Vast Sums
For Rolling Stock.

Philadelphia, Nov. 23.—The expen-
ditures to be made by the Pennsylva-
nia Railroad company in 1902 for roll-
ing stock will aggregate \$25,000,000,
a sum unprecedented in railroad his-
tory. Of this amount \$19,000,000 will
be expended for cars and the other
\$6,000,000 for locomotives.

As already announced the company
will require 19,000 freight and coal
cars for 1902, the greater number of
which have been already ordered.
While no locomotives for 1902 deliv-
ery have been ordered, the require-
ments in that direction for next year
have been determined upon approxi-
mately at 400 locomotives, passenger,
freight and shifting. With the ex-
ception of about 100, all of them will
be built by the Baldwin Locomotive
works and the American Locomotive
Building company.

This year the company built itself
and by other companies about 300 lo-
comotives and between 6,500 and 7,000
cars, compared with which the loco-
motive requirements for next year
will be 33 per cent greater and the car
requirement nearly 300 per cent.

BLOODY UNDERSHIRT SHOWN.

Caused Mrs. Bonine to Show Emo-
tion—No Session Today.

Washington, Nov. 23.—Five wit-
nesses were heard in the trial of Mrs.
Lola Ida Bonine for the murder of
James S. Ayres, Jr. Four of these
witnesses were police officers, who
had gone to Ayres' room after discov-
ery of the body by employees of the
Kenmore hotel, and the fifth was W.
W. Warfield, who was proprietor of
the hotel at the time of the tragedy.
The policemen testified to details of
the wounds, position of the body and
arrangement of the furniture in the
room. Mr. Warfield's testimony was
very brief. In response to a question
by Attorney Fulton, of Mrs. Bonine's
counsel, he said that Mrs. Bonine had
made arrangements to leave the hotel
before the tragedy occurred, but both
question and answer subsequently
were ruled out. It is understood to
be the intention of the defense to recall
Mr. Warfield later for the purpose of
eliciting information from him upon
this and other points in Mrs. Bonine's
behalf.

Mrs. Bonine's party in the court
room was increased by the addition
of her brother, Grant Henry, who
lives at St. Joseph, Mo. Only once
during the day did Mrs. Bonine dis-
play emotion, and that was when the
bloody undershirt which had been
worn by Ayres on the night of the
killing was identified by Officer
Brady.

The court adjourned until Monday
to give the attorneys in the case an
opportunity to prepare themselves for
the work in hand. Justice Anderson
expressed the opinion that the ad-
journment would expedite the trial.

QUITTING AND DRIPPING

To Follow Inauguration Into
Office of New Recorder, at
Pittsburg.

FIVE RESIGNATIONS ARE READY.

One Official Already Resigned—A

Number of Persons Likely to Be Re-

moved by the Flinn Adherents—A.

M. Brown Replies to Stone.

Pittsburg, Nov. 23.—As soon as it
became officially known that Major
A. M. Brown had been removed from
the Pittsburg recordership a number
of his subordinates prepared their
resignations.

As there was no recorder and would
be none until Monday there was no
one to whom the directors of the de-
partments could offer their resigna-
tions.

However, Director E. M. Bigelow,
of the public works department; An-
drew Fulton, of the public safety de-
partment, and City Solicitor W. B.
Kogers got their resignations ready,
and the first thing J. O. Brown will
have to attend to next Monday after-
noon after he has been sworn in as
recorder will be to signify his accept-
ance of the resignations.

W. W. Nisbet, director of the de-
partment of charities, will not serve
under the new regime.
"What do you think of Recorder
Brown's removal, Mr. Nisbet?" was
asked.

Nisbet Said He Would Resign.

"I will send in my resignation,"
said the director of the department of
charities, thus showing by his actions
just what he thought of Stone's work.
Further than this he said he would
say nothing, as yet about the condi-
tions that now exist, other than that
"along with the rest, I want my resig-
nation placed on the boards."

Director Nisbet has been promised
"protection" by the governor, but un-
der the circumstances he did not care
to remain in office.

When John P. McTigue was asked
what he was going to do he replied:
"I have nothing to say." McTigue
was also promised the governor's
"protection" in his position as as-
sistant superintendent of police, but the
stalwarts say that he will not stay to
be roasted out.

William B. Hays, delinquent tax col-
lector, is in the south and is not ex-
pected home until next Monday. He
will be succeeded by Robert Oster-
maier, the former collector, who has
been one of Senator William Flinn's
most faithful allies.

Hays' resignation, it is said, will be
ready for Brown.

Dr. Frank J. Phillips, who succeed-
ed Dr. R. L. Taylor as physician for
the public safety department, handed
Director Fulton his resignation.

J. O. Brown said that he would for-
ward his bond to Governor Stone yes-
terday afternoon for approval and
would be sworn in next Monday after-
noon as recorder of Pittsburg.

"That leaves no recorder in office
now, does it?" he was asked.

"Yes, Pittsburg has no recorder to-
day and will have none till Monday,"
he replied.

"Will not the absence of a recorder
tie up the city's business somewhat?"
"No, it will do no harm for the city
to be without a recorder for a few days."

Wilson to Succeed Nisbet.

George W. Wilson, it is likely, will
be made director of the department of
public charities, the place he held be-
fore he was appointed to succeed E.
M. Bigelow when that official was
ousted by the Flinnites, and A. H.
Leslie, who was deposed as superin-
tendent of the bureau of police, likely
will be made director of the depart-
ment of public safety. Clarence Bur-
leigh likely will be given his old po-
sition of city attorney.

Crosby Gray may return to the po-
sition of superintendent of the bureau
of health and Charles Laying prob-
ably will be placed in charge of the bu-
reau of highways and sewers in the
public works department.

The ripping likely will begin just
as soon as J. O. Brown is sworn in as
recorder.

"POOR DEVIL," SAID BROWN,

In Referring to Stone—He Denies As-
sertions Made by the Gov-
ernor.

Pittsburg, Nov. 23.—Major A. M.
Brown, removed as recorder, in re-
ply to Governor Stone's statement to
the people of Pittsburg, said in part:
"When the position of recorder was
first offered me by Governor Stone,
the governor told me that it was with-
out any strings or conditions of any
kind."

"After I had been in office awhile
the governor indicated his desire that
I should remove John M. Anderson
from the position of director of the
department of charities and appoint
W. W. Nisbet in his place. I did so,
and it was a bitter pill for the Flinn
people."

Brown Says He Has the Letter.

"I have the letter from the gov-
ernor asking me to appoint Nisbet."

"At the last state convention I had
a talk with the governor. He wanted
me not to remove J. O. Brown and
Clarence Burleigh. He wanted me to
take the burden upon my shoulders
and the censure of the people for al-
lowing them to remain. I plainly told
the governor that I did not think that
it was a good thing to allow them to
remain in office any longer."

"We parted at Harrisburg without
any agreement having been reached.
I went on a little trip lasting a week
or so and when I got home there was a
letter there waiting for me from the
governor, in which he again insisted
that I should make no changes. He
wanted me to postpone action until
after the elections. That was merely

to put off action from time to time.

"Then he thought that I would bite
on the superior court judgeship and
would make a vacancy in the record-
er's office by appointing me to the
superior court bench, knowing that I
would have to take the odium for ac-
cepting a position of the kind. I
would not betray this community in
that way."

"The charges against me contained
in the statement of Governor Stone
are unquashedly false. Letters in
my possession show this. The
specific charge is made, I see, that I
have repeatedly violated the new
charter by the removal of men from
office for political reasons. These re-
movals, says Governor Stone, 'have
been made against my protest.' Now
that charge of the governor's is with-
out the slightest foundation in truth.
Never once has Governor Stone pro-
tested, orally or in writing, against
any removals of officeholders that I
have effected in the city of Pitts-
burg."

Wanted Delay For Political Reasons.

"Now, as to the removal of Messrs.
Brown and Burleigh. I did have some
correspondence with the governor on
that subject, and this is what he
asked me to do—to postpone their re-
moval until after the meeting of the
Republican state convention. He did
not ask this in any imperious or
threatening tone, but requested it as
a favor. In this correspondence the
governor did not indicate that he was
displeased with my proposed course;
he merely asked that for political re-
asons it be delayed for a short time.
Messrs. Brown and Burleigh were re-
moved just when I, using the powers
vested in me as recorder, saw fit."

"And now, let me say that the re-
movals from office have been remark-
ably few. Those changes that were
made were prompted by actual neces-
sity. Every removal, without a sin-
gle exception, was made for cause,
not political exigencies, but because
the discarded officeholders were abso-
lutely unfit for the positions they
held."

"The governor says I am ambitious
to build up a political machine. That
also is false. The removals from of-
fice that were effected during my ad-
ministration not only seemed to me
to be absolutely necessary for the
good of the city and the proper dis-
patch of its business, but my opinion
was shared, apparently, by the peo-
ple of Pittsburg."

Stone Requested the Removal.

"It was the governor who asked me
to remove Director Wilson and re-
install Director Bigelow, and as it
seemed the best thing to do, I did so.
Was this a case of his protest against
a removal from office?"

"To revert to the case of Messrs.
Brown and Burleigh. When I came
into office I mentioned to the gov-
ernor my intention to give them a
trial in their offices. I said I had not
decided whether to permit them to
continue indefinitely or not. I was
going to see what they would do. The
governor said this was a good idea
and that they would bear watching.
After they had shown what they could
do, and I had decided that the proper
time had come for their removal, I is-
sued the order to that effect. And not
one word of protest from the gov-
ernor."

About the most Brown would say
of Stone was: "Poor devil."

QUAY DENIES RESPONSIBILITY.

Protested Against Stone Removing
Brown—Thinks Stone Wants
His Place.

Washington, Nov. 23.—Senator
Quay, in an interview, said in part:
"The removal of Major Brown was
made against my advice and protest.
I had no connection with it and dis-
claim all responsibility for its conse-
quences, which may be far-reaching
and disastrous."

When the senator was asked if he
had been informed that the removal
was about to be made, he answered:
"I was not informed the removal
was to be made, but have heard for
some time that it would be. When I
saw Governor Stone some time ago we
discussed the matter and I protested
against the removal of Major Brown
and hoped as a result he would not
be disturbed."

Senator Quay said he knew nothing
except what he saw in the papers
about Governor Stone's alleged candi-
dacy for Senator Penrose's seat in
the senate.

"I have felt that Governor Stone
would be a candidate to succeed me,"
the senator said. "I don't believe he
thinks of being a candidate to suc-
ceed Penrose."

POTTER AGAINST
BROWN'S REMOVAL.

Pittsburg, Nov. 23.—Supreme Court
Justice W. P. Potter called upon Ma-
jor A. M. Brown yesterday and ex-
pressed his displeasure with Mr.
Brown's removal from the recorder-
ship by Governor Stone. He said he
had protested vigorously against any
such action, but that the governor
had refused to listen to or heed his
arguments.

AN ANARCHIST ARRESTED.

Colombian In Costa Rica Indorsed Mc-
Kinley's Murder.

(Correspondence.)

San Jose, Costa Rica, Nov. 13.—A
Colombian resident here has been ar-
rested and will probably be exiled on
account of an anarchist speech made
at a meeting of a labor union recently
formed here. The speaker praised
the deed of the assassin of President
McKinley and hoped that the same
fate would befall President Iglesias
of Costa Rica.

Senor Gerardo Matamoros, pres-
ident of the union, called the man to
order, and after a strong protest
against the speech made, declared the
meeting closed. An extra meeting
of protest was held two days later, be-
cause it was said that the American
legation had taken notice of the in-
cident.

Alleged Fenian Plot.

Ottawa, Ont., Nov. 23.—The govern-
ment has information indicating the
Yukon conspiracy was a Fenian plot.

BROAD AND ANIMATED MARKET.

Its Strength Friday Sequence of Sud-
den Awakening of Speculative
Activity.

New York, Nov. 23.—The strength
in Friday's broad and animated mar-
ket was the sequence of the sudden
awakening of speculative activity
Thursday afternoon. A large bear
account was caught uncovered as a
consequence of the persistent short
selling by the professional element
for some time past on the assumption
that the money market could not es-
cape a squeeze between now and the
first of the year, and that the growth
of opposition in the northwest to the
Northern Securities company would
disseminate depression throughout
the market. The unexpected collapse
in the foreign exchange market and
the prospect of recuperation for the
money market left the bears without
much ground to stand on, and they
bought eagerly to cover Friday. This
was a considerable influence in the
recovery of prices. But the clearing
up of the money situation leaves the
way open for the natural operation of
various forces making toward higher
prices. The character of Friday's
market made it appear that a consid-
erable speculative element has been
waiting and eagerly on the watch for
just this development. The demand
for some of the favorite stocks was
on a very heavy scale and the day's
transactions were run up once more
to over a million shares. The consid-
erable advance during the day invited
profit taking in the final dealings, and
last prices of the principal active
stocks were between 1 and 2 points
lower than the best.

The railroad bond market was quite
active and strong. Total sale, par
value, \$2,570,000.
U. S. refunding 2s advanced 1/8 per
cent on the last call.

PLEDGE TO MONROE DOCTRINE

Should Be Given by Great Britain, If
We Define It, Argues Lon-
don Spectator.

London, Nov. 23.—The most im-
portant position in today's edition of
The Spectator will be occupied by a
discussion of a proposal that Great
Britain should give its formal adhe-
rence to the Monroe doctrine. The
Spectator will say:

"If America will define the Monroe
doctrine, why should we not pledge
ourselves not to fling upon it? When
we had acknowledged this doc-
trine, America might propose it to
the rest of the powers for endorse-
ment. If she did the powers could
hardly refuse. If they did, their
adhesion would be of great use, not
to America, but to the cause of peace,
for it would eliminate a great many
of the notable causes of war. If the
Monroe doctrine became a part of the
public law of the civilized world, the
risk of a war breaking out with re-
gard to European interference in
Brazil or Spanish America, now al-
ways a possibility, would then pass
away."

"Possibly no other power but
Great Britain would at first be willing
to recognize the Monroe doctrine as
binding. Even so, it would be worth
our while to pledge ourselves to re-
spect it, for we never mean to attack
that doctrine, and sooner or later our
example will probably be followed
by other powers."

The Spectator will also approve the
canal treaty, and in another article
on Secretary Hay's foreign policy the
paper will say:

"No country in the world can show
two greater or worthier statesmen
than President Roosevelt and Secre-
tary Hay."

STRIKERS MUST DISBAND TODAY

Order to Kentucky Striking Miners
Became Operative This
Morning.

Earlington, Ky., Nov. 23.—This
morning at daylight County Judge
Hall's order to the striking miners to
disband their camp and disperse be-
came operative. Last night there
were fully 350 men in the camp, all
heavily armed and declaring they
would not abandon their quarters.
Officials, however, did not anticipate

violence. They believed the men
would simply say: "Here we are,
what are you going to do with us?"

Judge Hall had prepared his order
to Adjutant General Murray and
Sheriff Hankins, directing them to
proceed against the camp if not re-
moved or abandoned, and all arrange-
ments were perfected last night to
follow the instructions. Judge Hall
declared the miners must go and said
all hinged on their action.

Late yesterday afternoon President
Woods and Attorney Yost arrived at
the camp from Central City and con-
ferences were held last night. The
number of men in camp was con-
stantly increasing and another big
tent was raised. A heavy rain fell
yesterday afternoon and it became
necessary to ditch the tents, which
resulted in a wild rumor that the
miners were throwing up breast-
works.

FOUND GROVES GUILTY OF
VOLUNTARY MANSLAUGHTER.

DuBois, Nov. 23.—In the case of
Ernest Groves, charged with the mur-
der of his father, the trial of which
has been in progress at Brookville for
the last week, the jury returned a
verdict of voluntary manslaughter.
The defense immediately made a mo-
tion for a new trial.

School Children Struck on a Teacher.

Scranton, Pa., Nov. 23.—A school
children strike resulting from a
teacher riding in a street car run by
non-union men took place in this city.
The teacher was Miss Lally, who is
employed at No. 22 school.

"Feary IX."

It is interesting to recall that, just
as Edward VII of England chose his
second baptismal name as the one by
which he wished to be designated
when he mounted the throne, so like-
wise his great-uncle, William Henry,
would have preferred to be known as
Henry IX. One of the reasons for this
preference was the desire to establish
lawful right to a title which had al-
ready been arrogated by the cardinal
of York, the last of the Stuart pre-
tenders. When the question, however,
came up for discussion in the privy
council, the latter decided in favor of
King William IV. This story was told
by the king himself to Miss Helen
Lloyd, the governess of his children.
He added that the privy council was
moved to this choice partly by fear of
exciting the superstitious fears of the
populace, who still bore in their mem-
ory a prophecy dating from the seven-
teenth century, which runs as follows:

Henry the Eighth pulled down monks and their
cells;
Henry the Ninth shall pull down bishops and
bells.

—Literary Era.

The Massillon Market.

The following prices are paid by Mas-
sillon merchants today:

GRAIN, HAY, STRAW AND WOOL.

LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

Discovered this Week by Independent Investigators.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Arvine Wales, a daughter.

Mr. and Mrs. Armstrong Leeper, of Frederickburg, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. V. S. Brown Friday.

Miss Ida Yost and Alfred Hensel were married by Squire Sibila in the latter's office at 7:30 o'clock Friday evening.

Charles J. Bauer and Miss Carrie Greenwalt, both of Canton, were married at the M. E. parsonage on Thursday evening, by the Rev. L. H. Stewart.

The Misses Gertrude Jackson, of Franklin, Pa., Susie Gaskins, of New Berlin, and Florence Dunmore, of Salem, were guests of Miss M. Bowman this week.

The stewardess of the Zion M. E. church will give a supper and donkey social in the basement of the church, in Oak street, Thanksgiving evening. Everybody is cordially invited. Supper 25 cents.

State School Commissioner Bonbrake denies having made a decision that school teachers will not be able to draw salaries after January 1, 1902, unless they have passed a satisfactory examination in music and says there is no law making such a requirement.

Marshal Kitchen has received a card from Warren D. Iseuberg, of St. Louis, stating the writer has information of property interest for Carol E. Gray, or his heirs. It states that Gray some years ago lived in or near Massillon. The marshal can learn of no relatives of Gray hereabouts.

The Warwick Furnace Manufacturing Company was incorporated Friday. W. H. Geiss, D. S. Sauer, H. W. Leoffler, and J. N. Merwin of Massillon, and S. T. McMeekin, of Butler, are the incorporators. W. B. Humberger and other Massillon men have stock in the new company. The capital stock is \$20,000.

L. H. Reutinger, state fish and game warden, announces that his official address will hereafter be at the state house in Columbus, and requests that all communications be addressed there. His former address was Athens, but the business of the office has increased so rapidly that it has been deemed wise to move the headquarters to the state capitol.

Massillon circle of the Protected Home Circle are making arrangements for a good time on Thanksgiving evening. Prof. Evans, of Sharon, Pa., will be present and expects to shake hands with not less than four hundred members. All members are requested to come and enjoy turkey and other good things. A good time is promised by the committee in charge.

One of the largest of this season's socials was held by the ladies of St. Joseph's church, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Leahy, in West Main street, Thursday evening. Progressive euchre was played at fourteen tables. Prizes were won by Mrs. H. H. Pille and Mr. Kelly, the latter a visitor in the city. Jerome Hagan got the booby prize. The financial result of the social was \$12.25.

Philip Ehret and C. M. Wilford, carpenters engaged in the construction of a barn in West Tremont street, fell from a scaffold to the ground, a distance of fifteen feet, Friday morning. Mr. Ehret's back was sprained. Mr. Wilford sustained a sprained shoulder and wrist and had one hip badly bruised. The fall was caused by the giving way of the scaffold. Dr. Maurice Smith attended the injured men.

The Oberlin college trustees met on Wednesday and took action to raise the necessary \$300,000 to get Rockefeller's gift of \$200,000. It was decided that President Barrows, Secretary Jones, Treasurer Severance and Professors Wright and Johnson will devote their entire time for the next forty days to raising the balance of the \$300,000. There is now pledged to the fund \$204,000 which leaves \$96,000 to be raised.

Judge D. J. Nye, of Akron, has decided a suit brought to restrain city officials from issuing \$160,800 bonds to pay accumulated general debts and current expenses and make perpetual injunction against the bond issue. It means that the city officials and employees will receive no pay until the February apportionment of taxes shall be received. Their salaries are already four months overdue.

At the business session of the old Eighth regiment, "The President's Own," at Akron, Thursday afternoon, the following officers were elected: A. T. Bowman, Canton, president; Colonel C. V. Hard, Wooster, vice president; W. R. Palmer, Akron, secretary, and Captain H. J. Blackburn, Akron, treasurer. Captain Sigbee was honored by being elected the first honorary member of the organization.

The five Canal Dover young men, George Boltz, Abraham Edwards, John Jones, Adam Lontzer and Charles Fronk, who were convicted in the common pleas court of criminal assault upon Miss Laura Bucher, a domestic in a hotel, on the night of

June 14, 1901, were each sentenced to sixty days in the workhouse at Columbus and to pay a fine of \$100 and one-fifth of the total costs. The costs will amount to \$40 each, making a total of \$140, which each defendant will have to pay or work it out at a stipulated price per day. If these young men do not pay their fines they will have to spend nearly a year at the workhouse.

THE CASE OF SMITH.

Physician Says it is Remarkable.

GIVES CREDIT TO POW-WOW.

The Health of Canal Fulton, and the Boom of Beach City Discussed—News from Wilmot, Dalton and Many Other Towns.

Sippo, Nov. 21.—One of the physicians who attended Wallace Smith says that his is the strangest case that has ever come to his notice. Smith, thought to be deathly ill with an intestinal trouble, was given a rubbing and an anointing by faith curists, and got well. "I do not doubt for a minute," remarked this doctor, "but what the treatment of the faith curist and the pow-wow people resulted in Smith's cure. The rubbing and the greasing were just what he needed to stimulate the action of certain organs. There was nothing supernatural about the getting well; the pow-wow merely stumbled upon the treatment that was needed. It was a treatment, however, that I have never before heard recommended in a case of an intestinal obstruction. We all thought Smith was going to die."

DALTON. Dalton, Nov. 21.—The oil well is now down about 400 feet. The inside casing was put into the pipes Wednesday. The well will be shot in about two weeks. All the stock the company offered has been bought.

WILMOT. Wilmot, Nov. 21.—Messrs. Flickinger and Hardgrove, of Massillon, established a switchboard here Wednesday, connecting the Massillon Telephone Company's lines with the local and the Millersburg lines.

CANAL FULTON. Canal Fulton, Nov. 21.—"All our good men are leaving, and those that aren't leaving are dying off," sadly lamented Squire Preece, this morning. "Dr. Campbell gone, E. R. Held gone, J. P. Yockey dead—we're a stricken town."

Squire Preece is a member of the local board of health. He declares that the blame for the board's holding no meetings during the days when cases of typhoid fever were numerous recently rests with the physicians and not with the board. To his knowledge, he said, not a single case has been reported to the board by the doctors, and therefore the board has no well founded idea as to just what the conditions were.

BEACH CITY. Beach City, Nov. 21.—Twenty dwellings and two business blocks have been erected in the village during the past few months, and new families are moving here every week. The Tuscarora Rubber Company, which is gradually increasing its force, is responsible for the boom.

Jubilee singers from Pittsburg gave a concert in the opera house last evening. The attendance was large, and the concert good.

NORTH LAWRENCE. North Lawrence, Nov. 21.—The members of the I. O. G. T. and some of their friends held a social and banquet Saturday evening. All who attended report a good time.

Alexander Brown, assistant agent for the Pennsylvania Company at this place, is very ill at present with typhoid fever.

Miss Nellie Bruce, of Canal Fulton, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Frank Fulton.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Williams are spending a few days in East Greenville.

The Misses Jane and Alice Pollock are spending a few days in Cleveland. W. Franklin Devert gave a reading in the school hall on Friday evening to a fair sized audience. All who attended were well pleased.

SUIT FOR DAMAGES. Canal Fulton, Nov. 22.—The suit of Frank Brodbeck against C. R. Daily is being heard before Justice Monilton this afternoon. Brodbeck claims damages for injuries received in a recent runaway which he avers was caused by the carelessness and negligence of Daily's driver.

Harrigan was today bound over to court by Justice Monilton. Harrigan was arrested Friday night, charged with stealing \$20 from Joseph Walzer, landlord of the Empire House. Harrigan had been working for his board at the hotel. Walzer claims he took the money from his trousers' pockets. The case of Frank Brodbeck against C. R. Daily, alleging damages as the result of a runaway caused by carelessness on the part of a driver employed by Mr. Daily, was dismissed Friday afternoon. The case was heard by Justice Monilton and a jury.

FUNERAL OF HENRY MEESE. Wilmot, Nov. 23.—The body of the late Henry Meese, who was recently killed at Canton, was brought here Friday evening. Funeral services were held at the United Brethren church this morning, the Rev. Mr. Streng officiating. The deceased was a former resident of Wilmot.

GREEN OAK. Green Oak, Nov. 22.—The farmers are having their fodder shredded by Baily Bros.' new shredder. Anthony Arnold, of Craig, Neb., is visiting friends and relatives here. Mrs. Snively is having a new furnace put in her house.

NORTH LAWRENCE. North Lawrence, Nov. 23.—Thomas Overton, recently injured in a mine, is hurt more seriously than was supposed. His injuries are mainly of an internal character. The new building of Johnson Brothers is almost completed. A saloon has already been opened in the basement. The incorporation of the village is still being agitated. Citizens generally seem to favor the movement.

A NIGHT WATCHMAN. Navarre, Nov. 23.—Mayor Warwick, in accordance with an order from the council this morning, swore in Austin Rosenberry as night watchman, at a salary of \$40 a month.

ACTION APPRECIATED.

Mrs. McKinley Acknowledges Massillon's Sympathy.

At a meeting of the citizens of Massillon, held in the Armory the day following President McKinley's death, a committee was appointed which drew up and forwarded to Mrs. McKinley resolutions expressing the sympathy of the citizens of Massillon. Prof. E. A. Jones, who was secretary of the meeting and a member of the committee, received the following acknowledgment Thursday: "Mrs. McKinley acknowledges with grateful appreciation the tender expressions of sympathy extended to her in her sorrow."

OBITUARY.

MRS. JOHN MYERS.

For a short time after retiring Thursday night, Mrs. John Myers, with her husband, talked of the events of the day. Suddenly Mrs. Myers became silent. She was dead. Apoplexy had seized her. Mrs. Myers was 55 years old, and was a daughter of the late Cyrus Young, who resided west of Massillon. The Myers home is between this place and Canal Fulton. Besides her husband, she leaves several children. Funeral services will be held Sunday, burial taking place at Massillon.

POSTOFFICE ROBBERS.

Steal Funds Belonging to the Maccabees.

Rollersville, O., Nov. 23.—Five burglars blew open the postoffice safe last night, and obtained three hundred dollars in stamps and fifty dollars in cash, besides funds belonging to the order of the Maccabees. They had previously robbed the store of L. T. Weaver, at Helena.

Advertisers who use THE INDEPENDENT hear from it.

DO YOU GET UP WITH A LAME BACK?

Kidney Trouble Makes You Miserable.

Almost everybody who reads the newspapers is sure to know of the wonderful cures made by Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy. It is the great medical triumph of the nineteenth century; discovered after years of scientific research by Dr. Kilmer, the eminent kidney and bladder specialist, and is wonderfully successful in promptly curing lame back, kidney, bladder, uric acid troubles and Bright's Disease, which is the worst form of kidney trouble.

Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root is not recommended for everything but if you have kidney, liver or bladder trouble it will be found just the remedy you need. It has been tested in so many ways, in hospital work, in private practice, among the helpless too poor to purchase relief and has proved so successful in every case that a special arrangement has been made by which all readers of this paper who have not already tried it, may have a sample bottle sent free by mail, also a book telling more about Swamp-Root and how to find out if you have kidney or bladder trouble. When writing mention reading this generous offer in this paper and send your address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Birmingham, N. Y. The regular fifty cent and dollar sizes are sold by all good druggists.

DATE POSTPONED.

McKinley Hall to be Dedicated Dec. 19.

SEVERAL IMPORTANT MEETINGS.

The Hospital Board of Trustees Will Meet in Columbus on Monday—Special Meeting of Hospital Superintendents and State Board of Charities—Other Hospital News.

The date for the dedication of the new McKinley hall has been postponed. The date originally fixed upon was December 3, but it was found that the electrical fixtures could not be placed and in working order by that time. Superintendent Eyman a few days ago wired Governor Nash asking him if any date during the week beginning December 16 would suit him. Fred M. Links, private secretary to the governor, replied that any date decided upon would suit the governor. Thursday, December 19, has been selected for the event. The exercises will begin at 7:30 o'clock. The delay in the placing of the electric fixtures has been caused by the inability to secure suitable chandeliers. They are being made to order. The stage settings and the curtains will be given the final test Thursday evening. All the mechanical and electrical stage appliances were found to be in perfect working order.

The regular meeting of the board of trustees was to have been held at the institution Thursday but only two members were present. They were J. H. Newton, of Norwalk, and B. J. McMahon, of Cambridge. The other three members were unable to be present. As there was not a quorum no business was transacted. The annual report of the superintendent was to have been submitted for the board's ratification. The board will meet in Columbus on Monday when Superintendent Eyman will submit the report.

A special meeting of the state board of charities and superintendents of the different state hospitals will be held in Columbus Tuesday. The meeting is called to receive the report of the committee appointed at a meeting November 9 to devise or formulate some plan to provide for the criminal insane. General Brinkerhoff and R. H. Platt, of the state board of charities, and Dr. E. G. Carpenter, superintendent of the Columbus state hospital, and Dr. H. C. Eyman, of the Massillon state hospital, members of that committee, will meet Monday afternoon and prepare their report. Just what their proposition will be is not known, but it is understood that the removal of the criminal insane from the different hospitals will be urged.

There are at present in the Massillon hospital nineteen criminal insane, that is, patients who have committed crimes, and who would, if sane, be confined in the state penitentiary. Four are homicidal patients and have been guilty of manslaughter, or third degree murder. These criminally and viciously inclined patients are a menace to the safety of the other inmates. It is understood that some action for the special care of the criminal patients of the different institutions of the state will be taken at the meeting of the superintendents and the state board of charities, in Columbus, next Tuesday.

The main roadway which passes just south of the hospital building and winds around in the east side of cottages 7 and 8, to the boiler and engine house, is now about completed. The roadway is substantially built, being constructed with about eighteen inches of cinders covered with a foot of gravel. Engineer Haorlin and his men have been at the work since in the late summer. This now affords a solid roadbed over which to haul the coal to the boiler house. The contract for the supply of coal for this year is twelve thousand tons.

The supplies for the bowling alley in the basement of McKinley hall have been ordered and will arrive soon.

THE FAMOUS
Crokinole, Crolard,
Combinola and
Archerena Game Boards,
at BAHNEY'S BOOK STORE,
20 East Main Street.

HUMBERGER'S

ON Tuesday and Wednesday, Nov. 26th and 27th,

A representative of one of the largest Cloak Houses in the country will make a display of all the Novelties in Ladies' and Children's Wraps in our Cloak Department. Everything shown will be offered for sale at very low prices. Don't fail to be on hand at this time, we can surely save you money on almost anything you may want in the way of a cloak.

HUMBERGERS'

Big Cloak Sale, Tuesday and Wednesday, Nov. 26 and 27.
WARWICK BLOCK, MASSILLON.

INDEPENDENT WANT COLUMNS

Articles lost and found, houses to let or desired, help wanted, situations wanted, real estate bulletins and kindred announcements are more certain to produce results if advertised under this head than by any other means. Copy must be left not later than 10 a. m. to insure insertion the same day. Six publications of not more than 4 printed lines for 25 cents.

WANTED.
A GOOD second-hand farm wagon scales from 3 to 6 tons, must be in good repair. Address E. T. Morris, Sippo, Ohio.

BLACKSMITH—A good blacksmith for Good wages. Swanson Bros. Contractors, Miller Station, Ohio.

BOARDERS—Two refined gentlemen preferred. 188 Jarvis ave.

BOYS—Four, 16 to 18 years of age. Apply to Massillon Iron and Steel Company.

CUSTOMERS for six lots on West Main street; gas and city water on street; being on the car line these lots are very desirable; taxes low; prices \$275 to \$350. S. Burd, S. W. cor. Main and Erie.

FARM Two hundred acres, on shares. Inquire at Independent office.

GIRL—Competent for general housework, good wages. Mrs. Henry Diebenn, 83 East Main street.

HORSES—To winter, at the Dalton stock farm, 1 1/2 miles northeast of Dalton, O. For terms call on or address by mail or telephone the undersigned. We also buy horses. L. S. Rudy, Dalton, O.

MEN—One hundred men at once to learn the barber trade; we are now arranging to place a large number of our graduates in soldiers' homes, \$60 monthly and expenses; join now and complete in time for one of these places; have also many other positions in country and city shops; two men on complete; can earn scholarship board, tools and transportation if desired; write for catalogue, Moler Barber College, Chicago Ill.

SALESMEN—Twenty clothing salesmen and 10 cash boys by Chicago Salvage Co. for special sale at Whitman's, etc. commencing Nov. 26. Call Saturday evening at 8 o'clock, second floor of store, hall entrance.

SITUATION—As housekeeper, by middle-aged widow, with income, in a good cook and neat housekeeper for widower or small family. Address Mrs. Bertha Long, General Delivery, Columbus, Ohio.

SITUATION—By thoroughly capable lady stenographer. Address 88 S. Mill St.

THREE persons in Massillon to engage in profitable, permanent employment. For particulars address J. G. Inman, 1725 Edward street, Canton, O.

FOR RENT.
BRICK BUILDING—Opposite the Hess, for a business room, good location suitable for connection. Inquire at office of The Hess-Snyder Co.

HOUSE—Eight rooms, wellman st., gas and city water, rooming; possession given Dec. 1, 1901. Geo. R. Hankin, 170 Wellman st.

HOUSE—Seven rooms, with cistern, well at city water, on 30 West Cherry st. Inquire of Edward Jones, 37 W. Cherry.

HOUSE—Five rooms, on Richville ave.; possession given at once. Inquire at 62 Plum street.

ROOMS—Four furnished rooms, down stairs; good location; fine neighborhood bath, gas, furnace, city water. Call at 75 N. East st. best of reference required.

ROOMS—Three good furnished rooms, one bath, a front room with heat. Inquire of Mrs. Fitzhugh, 12 Canal street.

ROOMS—For light housekeeping, two furnished rooms, with gas; also one single and one double bed room, with heat. Inquire 9 East Tremont street.

ROOMS—Four unfurnished rooms, 54 E. Main street. Inquire at premises or J. J. East barn.

ROOMS—Two well furnished rooms with all modern conveniences, including bath; centrally located. No 133 E. Oak St.

LOST.
CARD CASE—A black Morocco card case, containing blue dotter things. Finder leave at Independent office and receive reward.

TIME BOOK—Finder please return to W. H. Vogt.

WATCH—A lady's gold open face watch, with monogram R. L. B. between 12 and 1 o'clock. Finder please return to W. H. Vogt, 56 West Main street.

FOUND.
DOG—A brindle bull dog. Owner can have him by calling on Henry Krier, corner of South and Washington streets, and paying expenses thus far incurred.

For Sale or Rent.
THE N. P. Bailey property, corner of North and High streets. Will be sold at a sacrifice if at once. W. E. N. Homperly, over 14 South Erie St.